

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q/A

- QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2013.q
- TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission File Number 1-12273

ROPER INDUSTRIES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

6901 Professional Pkwy. East, Suite 200

Sarasota, Florida

(Address of principal executive offices)

51-0263969

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

34240

(Zip Code)

(941) 556-2601

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(do not check if smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes No

The number of shares outstanding of the Registrant's common stock as of May 3, 2013 was 99,018,313.

Explanatory Note

The purpose of this amendment on Form 10-Q/A to our quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2013 ("Form 10-Q"), as filed with the Security and Exchange Commission on May 9, 2013, is to furnish Exhibit 101 to the Form 10-Q as required by Rule 405 of Regulation S-T. Exhibit 101 to this report provides the following items from our Form 10-Q formatted in Extensible Business Reporting Language (XBRL): (i) the unaudited Consolidated Statement of Operations, (ii) the unaudited Consolidated Balance Sheet, (iii) the unaudited Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, and (iv) the unaudited Notes to Financial Statements.

This Form 10-Q/A does not reflect subsequent events occurring after the original filing date of the Form 10-Q or modify or update in any way disclosures made in the Form 10-Q.

Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T these interactive data files on Exhibit 101 hereto are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Section 18 of the Security Exchange Act of 1934, and otherwise are not subject to liability under these sections.

ROPER INDUSTRIES, INC.

REPORT ON FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2013

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Item 1. Financial Statements (unaudited):	
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings	3
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income	4
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets	5
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	6
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	7
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	8
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	14
Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	20
Item 4. Controls and Procedures	20
PART II. OTHER INFORMATION	
Item 1. Legal Proceedings	21
Item 1A. Risk Factors	21
Item 6. Exhibits	21
Signatures	22

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS****Roper Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries**
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings (unaudited)
(in thousands, except per share data)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Net sales	\$ 737,135	\$ 711,066
Cost of sales	<u>315,559</u>	<u>319,873</u>
Gross profit	421,576	391,193
Selling, general and administrative expenses	<u>236,399</u>	<u>220,889</u>
Income from operations	185,177	170,304
Interest expense, net	20,858	15,483
Other expense, net	<u>2,492</u>	<u>490</u>
Earnings before income taxes	161,827	154,331
Income taxes	<u>36,913</u>	<u>46,022</u>
Net earnings	<u>\$ 124,914</u>	<u>\$ 108,309</u>
Earnings per share:		
Basic	\$ 1.26	\$ 1.12
Diluted	1.25	1.09
Weighted average common shares outstanding:		
Basic	98,876	97,039
Diluted	99,986	99,307
Dividends declared per common share	\$ 0.1650	\$ 0.1375

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Roper Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income (unaudited)
(in thousands)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Net earnings	\$ 124,914	\$ 108,309
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax:		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(38,489)	19,161
Total other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax	<u>(38,489)</u>	<u>19,161</u>
Comprehensive income	<u>\$ 86,425</u>	<u>\$ 127,470</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Roper Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (unaudited)
(in thousands)

	<u>March 31,</u> <u>2013</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2012</u>
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 430,022	\$ 370,590
Accounts receivable, net	483,861	526,408
Inventories, net	200,023	190,867
Deferred taxes	47,372	41,992
Unbilled receivables	84,948	72,193
Other current assets	<u>38,830</u>	<u>43,492</u>
Total current assets	1,285,056	1,245,542
Property, plant and equipment, net	110,637	110,397
Goodwill	3,848,078	3,868,857
Other intangible assets, net	1,657,893	1,698,867
Deferred taxes	82,288	78,644
Other assets	<u>69,038</u>	<u>68,797</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 7,052,990</u>	<u>\$ 7,071,104</u>
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Accounts payable	\$ 138,541	\$ 138,340
Accrued compensation	80,043	110,724
Deferred revenue	190,678	185,912
Other accrued liabilities	133,403	128,351
Income taxes payable	15,378	-
Deferred taxes	8,216	3,868
Current portion of long-term debt, net	<u>516,514</u>	<u>519,015</u>
Total current liabilities	1,082,773	1,086,210
Long-term debt, net of current portion	1,403,259	1,503,107
Deferred taxes	701,567	707,278
Other liabilities	<u>83,215</u>	<u>86,783</u>
Total liabilities	3,270,814	3,383,378
Commitments and contingencies		
Common stock	1,010	1,006
Additional paid-in capital	1,182,304	1,158,001
Retained earnings	2,598,434	2,489,858
Accumulated other comprehensive earnings	20,048	58,537
Treasury stock	<u>(19,620)</u>	<u>(19,676)</u>
Total stockholders' equity	3,782,176	3,687,726
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 7,052,990</u>	<u>\$ 7,071,104</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Roper Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (unaudited)
(in thousands)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net earnings	\$ 124,914	\$ 108,309
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to cash flows from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment	9,342	9,449
Amortization of intangible assets	34,099	26,018
Amortization of deferred financing costs	837	591
Non-cash stock compensation	12,977	9,954
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquired businesses:		
Accounts receivable	27,590	20,666
Unbilled receivables	(13,136)	(4,698)
Inventories	(11,687)	(7,462)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(25,510)	(35,936)
Income taxes payable	16,348	13,720
Other, net	(4,506)	846
Cash provided by operating activities	<u>171,268</u>	<u>141,457</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Acquisitions of businesses, net of cash acquired	(2,240)	(19,007)
Capital expenditures	(11,205)	(10,008)
Proceeds from sale of assets	236	464
Other, net	(1)	(245)
Cash used in investing activities	<u>(13,210)</u>	<u>(28,796)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Payments under revolving line of credit	(100,000)	-
Principal payments on convertible notes	(52)	(6,297)
Cash premiums paid on convertible note conversions	(109)	(6,576)
Cash dividends to stockholders	-	(13,290)
Proceeds from stock based compensation, net	6,229	16,873
Stock award tax excess windfall benefit	4,364	7,505
Treasury stock sales	642	600
Other	122	(1,089)
Cash used in financing activities	<u>(88,804)</u>	<u>(2,274)</u>
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes on cash	(9,822)	3,230
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	59,432	113,617
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	<u>370,590</u>	<u>338,101</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 430,022</u>	<u>\$ 451,718</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

Roper Industries, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity (unaudited)
(in thousands)

	<u>Common stock</u>	<u>Additional paid-in capital</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Accumulated other comprehensive earnings</u>	<u>Treasury stock</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balances at December 31, 2012	\$ 1,006	\$ 1,158,001	\$ 2,489,858	\$ 58,537	\$ (19,676)	\$ 3,687,726
Net earnings	-	-	124,914	-	-	124,914
Stock option exercises	2	9,589	-	-	-	9,591
Treasury stock sold	-	587	-	-	56	643
Currency translation adjustments, net of \$1,316 tax	-	-	-	(38,489)	-	(38,489)
Stock based compensation	-	12,969	-	-	-	12,969
Restricted stock activity	2	(3,349)	-	-	-	(3,347)
Stock option tax benefit, net of shortfalls	-	4,312	-	-	-	4,312
Conversion of senior subordinated convertible notes, net of \$304 tax	-	195	-	-	-	195
Dividends declared	-	-	(16,338)	-	-	(16,338)
Balances at March 31, 2013	<u>\$ 1,010</u>	<u>\$ 1,182,304</u>	<u>\$ 2,598,434</u>	<u>\$ 20,048</u>	<u>\$ (19,620)</u>	<u>\$ 3,782,176</u>

See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements for the three month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 are unaudited. In the opinion of management, the accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, which include only normal recurring adjustments, necessary to state fairly the financial position, results of operations, comprehensive income and cash flows of Roper Industries, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("Roper" or the "Company") for all periods presented. The December 31, 2012 financial position data included herein was derived from the audited consolidated financial statements included in the 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K ("Annual Report") but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

Roper's management has made a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reporting of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities to prepare these condensed consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

The results of operations for the three month period ended March 31, 2013 are not necessarily indicative of the results to be expected for the full year. You should read these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements in conjunction with Roper's consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto included in its 2012 Annual Report filed on February 25, 2013 with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In July 2012, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued an amendment to accounting rules related to the testing of indefinite-lived intangibles. The new accounting rules permit an entity to first assess qualitative factors to determine if it is more likely than not that an indefinite-lived asset is impaired as a basis for determining whether it is necessary to perform the quantitative impairment test prescribed under current accounting rules. Roper adopted this guidance on January 1, 2013. The guidance did not have an impact on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows.

3. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share were calculated using net earnings and the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the respective period. Diluted earnings per share were calculated using net earnings and the weighted average number of shares of common stock and potential common stock outstanding during the respective period. Potentially dilutive common stock consisted of stock options and the premium over the conversion price on Roper's senior subordinated convertible notes based upon the trading price of Roper's common stock. The effects of potential common stock were determined using the treasury stock method. Weighted average shares outstanding are as shown below (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Basic shares outstanding	98,876	97,039
Effect of potential common stock		
Common stock awards	892	1,140
Senior subordinated convertible notes	218	1,128
Diluted shares outstanding	<u>99,986</u>	<u>99,307</u>

For the three months ended March 31, 2013 there were 568,850 outstanding stock options that were not included in the determination of diluted earnings per share because doing so would have been antidilutive, as compared to 454,165 outstanding stock options that would have been antidilutive for the three months ended March 31, 2012.

4. Stock Based Compensation

The Roper Industries, Inc. Amended and Restated 2006 Incentive Plan is a stock based compensation plan used to grant incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, restricted stock, stock appreciation rights or equivalent instruments to Roper's employees, officers and directors.

Roper's stock purchase plan allows employees in the U.S. and Canada to designate up to 10% of eligible earnings to purchase Roper's common stock at a 5% discount to the average closing price of the stock at the beginning and end of a quarterly offering period. The common stock sold to the employees may be either treasury stock, stock purchased on the open market, or newly issued shares.

The following table provides information regarding the Company's stock based compensation expense (in thousands):

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Stock based compensation	\$ 12,977	\$ 9,954
Tax effect recognized in net income	4,542	3,484
Windfall tax benefit, net	4,312	7,415

Stock Options - In the quarter ended March 31, 2013, 447,850 options were granted with a weighted average fair value of \$36.53 per option. During the same period in 2012, 383,600 options were granted with a weighted average fair value of \$29.65 per option. All options were issued at grant date fair value, which is defined by the Plan as the closing price of Roper's common stock on the date of grant.

Roper records compensation expense for employee stock options based on the estimated fair value of the options on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Historical data is used to estimate the expected price volatility, the expected dividend yield, the expected option life and the expected forfeiture rate. The risk-free rate is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant for the estimated life of the option. The following weighted average assumptions were used to estimate the fair value of options granted during current and prior year quarters using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Fair value per share (\$)	36.53	29.65
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.80	0.82
Expected option life (years)	5.18	5.22
Expected volatility (%)	36.29	36.56
Expected dividend yield (%)	0.57	0.59

Cash received from option exercises for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 was \$9.1 million and \$16.9 million, respectively.

Restricted Stock Awards - During the quarter ended March 31, 2013, 261,390 restricted stock awards were granted with a weighted average fair value of \$115.36 per restricted share. During the same period in 2012, 258,057 restricted stock awards were granted with a weighted average fair value of \$93.62 per restricted share. All grants were issued at grant date fair value.

During the quarter ended March 31, 2013, 103,795 restricted awards vested with a weighted average grant date fair value of \$57.64 per restricted share, and a weighted average vest date fair value of \$120.14 per restricted share.

Employee Stock Purchase Plan - During the three month periods ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, participants of the employee stock purchase plan purchased 5,594 and 6,764 shares, respectively, of Roper's common stock for total consideration of \$0.64 million and \$0.60 million, respectively. All shares were purchased from Roper's treasury shares.

5. Inventories

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
	(in thousands)	
Raw materials and supplies	\$ 125,415	\$ 121,573
Work in process	31,265	29,725
Finished products	85,929	81,536
Inventory reserves	(42,586)	(41,967)
	<u>\$ 200,023</u>	<u>\$ 190,867</u>

6. Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets

The carrying value of goodwill by segment is as follows (in thousands):

	Industrial Technology	Energy Systems & Controls	Medical & Scientific Imaging	RF Technology	Total
Balances at December 31, 2012	\$ 421,755	\$ 404,057	\$ 1,772,402	\$ 1,270,643	\$ 3,868,857
Other	-	-	-	445	445
Currency translation adjustments	(6,167)	(2,491)	(6,136)	(6,430)	(21,224)
Balances at March 31, 2013	<u>\$ 415,588</u>	<u>\$ 401,566</u>	<u>\$ 1,766,266</u>	<u>\$ 1,264,658</u>	<u>\$ 3,848,078</u>

Other intangible assets are comprised of (in thousands):

	<u>Cost</u>	<u>Accumulated amortization</u>	<u>Net book value</u>
Assets subject to amortization:			
Customer related intangibles	\$ 1,509,339	\$ (379,535)	\$ 1,129,804
Unpatented technology	198,609	(97,487)	101,122
Software	160,520	(44,256)	116,264
Patents and other protective rights	40,399	(20,312)	20,087
Trade secrets	1,500	(1,500)	-
Assets not subject to amortization:			
Trade names	<u>331,590</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>331,590</u>
Balances at December 31, 2012	<u>\$ 2,241,957</u>	<u>\$ (543,090)</u>	<u>\$ 1,698,867</u>
Assets subject to amortization:			
Customer related intangibles	\$ 1,502,897	\$ (400,227)	\$ 1,102,670
Unpatented technology	206,867	(103,202)	103,665
Software	160,153	(47,744)	112,409
Patents and other protective rights	30,272	(20,894)	9,378
Trade secrets	1,500	(1,500)	-
Assets not subject to amortization:			
Trade names	<u>329,771</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>329,771</u>
Balances at March 31, 2013	<u>\$ 2,231,460</u>	<u>\$ (573,567)</u>	<u>\$ 1,657,893</u>

Amortization expense of other intangible assets was \$33,084 and \$25,034 during the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

An evaluation of the carrying value of goodwill and indefinite-lived intangibles is required to be performed on an annual basis and on an interim basis if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying value. There have been no events or changes in circumstances which indicate an impairment in 2013. The Company expects to perform the annual analysis during the fourth quarter.

7. Debt

Roper's 3.75% senior subordinated convertible notes due 2034 became convertible on January 15, 2009. During the three month period ended March 31, 2013, 113 notes were converted by note holders for \$0.16 million in cash. No gain or loss was recorded upon these conversions. In addition, a related \$0.3 million deferred tax liability associated with excess deductions recorded for tax purposes was relieved to additional paid-in capital upon the conversions.

At March 31, 2013, the conversion of 3,495 notes was pending, with a settlement date of April 4, 2013. The conversion resulted in the payment of \$5.5 million in cash.

At March 31, 2013, the conversion price on the remaining outstanding notes was \$461.87. If converted at March 31, 2013, the value would have exceeded the \$10 million principal amount of the outstanding notes by \$24 million and could have resulted in the issuance of 193,257 shares of Roper's common stock.

8. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Roper's debt at March 31, 2013 included \$1.9 billion of fixed-rate senior notes with the following fair values (in millions):

\$500 million senior notes due 2013	\$ 512
\$400 million senior notes due 2017	403
\$500 million senior notes due 2019	604
\$500 million senior notes due 2022	498

The fair values of the senior notes are based on the trading prices of the notes, which the Company has determined to be Level 2 in the FASB fair value hierarchy. Short-term debt included \$12 million of fixed-rate convertible notes which were at fair value due to the ability of note holders to exercise the conversion option of the notes.

The Company manages interest rate risk by maintaining a combination of fixed- and variable-rate debt, which may include interest rate swaps to convert fixed-rate debt to variable-rate debt, or to convert variable-rate debt to fixed-rate debt. At March 31, 2013, an aggregate notional amount of \$500 million in interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges effectively changed Roper's \$500 million senior notes due 2013 with a fixed interest rate of 6.625% to a variable-rate obligation at a weighted average spread of 4.377% plus the 3 month London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR").

The swaps are recorded at fair value in the balance sheet as assets or liabilities, and the changes in fair value of both the interest rate swap and the hedged senior notes due 2013 are recorded as interest expense. At March 31, 2013, the fair value of the swap was an asset balance of \$3.4 million and was reported in other current assets. There was a corresponding increase of \$2.6 million in the notes being hedged, which was reported as current portion of long-term debt. The impact on earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2013 was immaterial. The Company has determined the swaps to be Level 2 in the FASB fair value hierarchy, and uses inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, including interest rates, yield curves and credit risks in order to value the instruments.

9. Contingencies

Roper, in the ordinary course of business, is the subject of, or a party to, various pending or threatened legal actions, including product liability and employment practices. It is vigorously contesting all lawsuits that, in general, are based upon claims of the kind that have been customary over the past several years. After analyzing the Company's contingent liabilities on a gross basis and, based upon past experience with resolution of its product liability and employment practices claims and the limits of the primary, excess, and umbrella liability insurance coverages that are available with respect to pending claims, management believes that adequate provision has been made to cover any potential liability not covered by insurance, and that the ultimate liability, if any, arising from these actions should not have a material adverse effect on Roper's consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

Over recent years there has been an increase in certain U.S. states in asbestos-related litigation claims against numerous industrial companies. Roper or its subsidiaries have been named defendants in some such cases. No significant resources have been required by Roper to respond to these cases and the Company believes it has valid defenses to such claims and, if required, intends to defend them vigorously. Given the state of these claims it is not possible to determine the potential liability, if any.

Roper's financial statements include accruals for potential product liability and warranty claims based on its claims experience. Such costs are accrued at the time revenue is recognized. A summary of the warranty accrual activity for the three months ended March 31, 2013 is presented below (in thousands):

Balance at December 31, 2012	\$ 9,755
Additions charged to costs and expenses	2,624
Deductions	(2,219)
Other	(177)
Balance at March 31, 2013	<u>\$ 9,983</u>

10. Business Segments

Sales and operating profit by industry segment are set forth in the following table (dollars in thousands):

	<u>Three months ended March 31,</u>		<u>Change</u>
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	
Net sales:			
Industrial Technology	\$ 182,239	\$ 195,136	(6.6)%
Energy Systems & Controls	145,642	148,602	(2.0)
Medical & Scientific Imaging	200,444	162,811	23.1
RF Technology	208,810	204,517	2.1
Total	<u>\$ 737,135</u>	<u>\$ 711,066</u>	<u>3.7%</u>
Gross profit:			
Industrial Technology	\$ 93,311	\$ 98,663	(5.4)%
Energy Systems & Controls	80,906	80,408	0.6
Medical & Scientific Imaging	134,869	106,186	27.0
RF Technology	112,490	105,936	6.2
Total	<u>\$ 421,576</u>	<u>\$ 391,193</u>	<u>7.8%</u>
Operating profit*:			
Industrial Technology	\$ 52,945	\$ 57,507	(7.9)%
Energy Systems & Controls	35,722	35,657	0.2
Medical & Scientific Imaging	59,928	43,362	38.2
RF Technology	56,630	50,353	12.5
Total	<u>\$ 205,225</u>	<u>\$ 186,879</u>	<u>9.8%</u>
Long-lived assets:			
Industrial Technology	\$ 45,626	\$ 42,698	6.9%
Energy Systems & Controls	19,032	19,439	(2.2)
Medical & Scientific Imaging	40,198	45,602	(11.8)
RF Technology	29,158	29,832	(2.3)
Total	<u>\$ 134,014</u>	<u>\$ 137,571</u>	<u>(2.6)%</u>

* Segment operating profit is before unallocated corporate general and administrative expenses of \$20,048 and \$16,575 for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

11. Subsequent Events

On May 1, 2013, Roper acquired Managed Health Care Associates, Inc. ("MHA"), in an all-cash transaction valued at \$1.0 billion. MHA is a leading provider of services and technologies to support the diverse and complex needs of alternate site health care providers who deliver services outside of an acute care hospital setting.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

You should read the following discussion in conjunction with Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Conditions and Results of Operations included in our Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2012 as filed on February 25, 2013 with the SEC and the notes to our Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report.

Information About Forward-Looking Statements

This report includes "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the federal securities laws. In addition, we, or our executive officers on our behalf, may from time to time make forward-looking statements in reports and other documents we file with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") or in connection with oral statements made to the press, potential investors or others. All statements that are not historical facts are "forward-looking statements." Forward-looking statements may be indicated by words or phrases such as "anticipate," "estimate," "plans," "expects," "projects," "should," "will," "believes" or "intends" and similar words and phrases. These statements reflect management's current beliefs and are not guarantees of future performance. They involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in any forward-looking statement.

Examples of forward-looking statements in this report include but are not limited to statements regarding operating results, the success of our internal operating plans, our expectations regarding our ability to generate operating cash flows and reduce debt and associated interest expense, profit and cash flow expectations, the prospects for newly acquired businesses to be integrated and contribute to future growth and our expectations regarding growth through acquisitions. Important assumptions relating to the forward-looking statements include, among others, assumptions regarding demand for our products, the cost, timing and success of product upgrades and new product introductions, raw materials costs, expected pricing levels, the timing and cost of expected capital expenditures, expected outcomes of pending litigation, competitive conditions, general economic conditions and expected synergies relating to acquisitions, joint ventures and alliances. These assumptions could prove inaccurate. Although we believe that the estimates and projections reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, our expectations may prove to be incorrect. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from estimates or projections contained in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to:

- general economic conditions;
- difficulty making acquisitions and successfully integrating acquired businesses;
- any unforeseen liabilities associated with future acquisitions;
- limitations on our business imposed by our indebtedness;
- unfavorable changes in foreign exchange rates;
- difficulties associated with exports;
- risks and costs associated with our international sales and operations;
- increased directors' and officers' liability and other insurance costs;
- risk of rising interest rates;
- product liability and insurance risks;
- increased warranty exposure;
- future competition;
- the cyclical nature of some of our markets;
- reduction of business with large customers;
- risks associated with government contracts;
- changes in the supply of, or price for, raw materials, parts and components;
- environmental compliance costs and liabilities;
- risks and costs associated with asbestos-related litigation;
- potential write-offs of our substantial goodwill and other intangible assets;
- our ability to successfully develop new products;
- failure to protect our intellectual property;
- the effect of, or change in, government regulations (including tax);
- economic disruption caused by terrorist attacks, health crises or other unforeseen events; and
- the factors discussed in other reports filed with the SEC.

We believe these forward-looking statements are reasonable; however, you should not place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which are based on current expectations. Further, forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we undertake no obligation to publicly update any of these statements in light of new information or future events.

Overview

Roper Industries, Inc. ("Roper," "we" or "us") is a diversified growth company that designs, manufactures and distributes radio frequency ("RF") products, services and application software, industrial technology products, energy systems and controls and medical and scientific imaging products and software. We market these products and services to a broad range of markets, including RF applications, medical, water, energy, research, education, software-as-a-service ("SaaS")-based information networks, security and other niche markets.

We pursue consistent and sustainable growth in earnings by emphasizing continuous improvement in the operating performance of our existing businesses and by acquiring other carefully selected businesses that offer high value-added services, engineered products and solutions and are capable of achieving growth and maintaining high margins. Our acquisitions have represented both financial bolt-ons and new strategic platforms. We strive for high cash and earnings returns from our investments.

Critical Accounting Policies

There were no material changes during the quarter ended March 31, 2013 to the items that we disclosed as our critical accounting policies and estimates in "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on February 25, 2013.

Recently Issued Accounting Standards

Information regarding new accounting pronouncements is included in Note 2 of the notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Results of Operations

General

The following tables set forth selected information for the periods indicated. Dollar amounts are in thousands and percentages are the particular line item shown as a percentage of net sales. Percentages may not foot due to rounding.

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Net sales:		
Industrial Technology	\$ 182,239	\$ 195,136
Energy Systems & Controls	145,642	148,602
Medical & Scientific Imaging	200,444	162,811
RF Technology	208,810	204,517
Total	<u>\$ 737,135</u>	<u>\$ 711,066</u>
Gross profit:		
Industrial Technology	51.2%	50.6%
Energy Systems & Controls	55.6	54.1
Medical & Scientific Imaging	67.3	65.2
RF Technology	53.9	51.8
Total	<u>57.2</u>	<u>55.0</u>
Selling, general & administrative expenses:		
Industrial Technology	22.2%	21.1%
Energy Systems & Controls	31.0	30.1
Medical & Scientific Imaging	37.4	38.6
RF Technology	26.8	27.2
Total	<u>29.4</u>	<u>28.7</u>
Segment operating profit:		
Industrial Technology	29.1%	29.5%
Energy Systems & Controls	24.5	24.0
Medical & Scientific Imaging	29.9	26.6
RF Technology	27.1	24.6
Total	<u>27.8</u>	<u>26.3</u>
Corporate administrative expenses	<u>(2.7)</u>	<u>(2.3)</u>
	25.1	24.0
Interest expense	(2.8)	(2.2)
Other expense	<u>(0.3)</u>	<u>(0.1)</u>
Earnings before income taxes	22.0	21.7
Income taxes	<u>(5.0)</u>	<u>(6.5)</u>
Net earnings	<u>16.9%</u>	<u>15.2%</u>

Three months ended March 31, 2013 compared to three months ended March 31, 2012

Net sales for the quarter ended March 31, 2013 were \$737.1 million as compared to \$711.1 million in the prior year quarter, an increase of 4%. The increase was the result of sales from acquisitions of 7%, and negative organic growth of 3%. Acquisitions included those completed in 2012.

In our Industrial Technology segment, net sales were down 7% to \$182.2 million in the first quarter of 2013 as compared to \$195.1 million in the first quarter of 2012, due primarily to the loss of a customer at our water metering business and lower sales at our materials testing business. Gross margins increased to 51.2% for the first quarter of 2013 as compared to 50.6% in the first quarter of 2012 due to product mix. Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses as a percentage of net sales increased to 22.2% in the current year quarter from 21.1% in the prior year quarter due to negative operating leverage on lower sales volume. The resulting operating profit margins were 29.1% in the first quarter of 2013 as compared to 29.5% in the first quarter of 2012.

Net sales in our Energy Systems & Controls segment decreased by 2% to \$145.6 million during the first quarter of 2013 compared to \$148.6 million in the first quarter of 2012. Acquisitions added 1% while organic sales decreased by 3%. The decrease in organic sales was due to lower sales in our industrial pressure sensors business. Gross margins increased to 55.6% in the first quarter of 2013, as compared to 54.1% in the first quarter of 2012 due to product mix. SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales were 31.0% compared to 30.1% in the prior year quarter due to negative operating leverage on lower sales volume. As a result, operating margins were 24.5% in the first quarter of 2013 as compared to 24.0% in the first quarter of 2012.

Our Medical & Scientific Imaging segment net sales increased by 23% to \$200.4 million in the first quarter of 2013 as compared to \$162.8 million in the first quarter of 2012. Acquisitions completed in 2012 accounted for 32% of the increase, with negative organic growth of 8% due to decreased sales in our electron microscopy and imaging businesses. The foreign exchange impact was a negative 1%. Gross margins increased to 67.3% in the first quarter of 2013 from 65.2% in the first quarter of 2012 due primarily to additional sales from medical products which have a higher gross margin. SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales were 37.4% in the first quarter of 2013 as compared to 38.6% in the first quarter of 2012 due to additional sales from medical products which have a lower fixed-cost structure. As a result, operating margins were 29.9% in the first quarter of 2013 as compared to 26.6% in the first quarter of 2012.

In our RF Technology segment, net sales were \$208.8 million in the first quarter of 2013 as compared to \$204.5 million in the first quarter of 2012, an increase of 2%. The increase was due primarily to growth in our toll and traffic and security solutions businesses. Gross margins increased to 53.9% as compared to 51.8% in the prior year quarter due to a more favorable product mix and operating leverage on higher sales volume. SG&A expenses as a percentage of net sales in the first quarter of 2013 decreased to 26.8% as compared to 27.2% in the prior year due to operating leverage on higher sales volume. As a result, operating profit margins were 27.1% in 2013 as compared to 24.6% in 2012.

Corporate expenses were \$20.0 million, or 2.7% of sales, in the first quarter of 2013 as compared to \$16.6 million, or 2.3% of sales, in the first quarter of 2012. The increase was due to higher stock-based compensation resulting from higher stock prices.

Interest expense was \$20.9 million for the first quarter of 2013 as compared to \$15.5 million in the first quarter of 2012. The increase was due to higher average outstanding debt balances related to 2012 acquisitions, offset in part by lower average interest rates.

Other expense increased to \$2.5 million in the first quarter of 2013 as compared to \$0.5 million in the first quarter of 2012 due to foreign exchange losses at our non-U.S. based subsidiaries.

Income taxes were 22.8% of pretax earnings in the current quarter, lower than the prior year rate of 29.8%. The reduction was due to \$6 million in discrete tax benefits related to the enactment of the American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012 ("ATRA"), as well as a \$6 million benefit from the adjustment of tax balances which were immaterial to any covered period.

At March 31, 2013, the functional currencies of most of our European and our Canadian subsidiaries were weaker against the U.S. dollar compared to currency exchange rates at December 31, 2012. The currency changes resulted in a pretax decrease of \$40 million in the foreign exchange component of comprehensive earnings for the current year quarter, \$21 million of which is related to goodwill and does not directly affect our expected future cash flows. During the quarter ended March 31, 2013, the functional currencies of our Canadian and some of our European subsidiaries were weaker against the U.S. dollar as compared to the quarter ended March 31, 2012. The difference in operating profits related to foreign exchange, translated into U.S. dollars, was less than 1% for these companies in the first quarter of 2013 compared to the prior year quarter.

Net orders were \$793.6 million for the quarter, 9% higher than the first quarter 2012 net order intake of \$729.4 million. Our order backlog at March 31, 2013 was 17% higher as compared to March 31, 2012. Acquisitions completed in 2012 contributed 8% to the current quarter orders and 15% to the current quarter order backlog.

	Net orders booked for the three months ended March 31,		Order backlog as of March 31,	
	2013	2012	2013	2012
Industrial Technology	\$ 179,807	\$ 204,002	\$ 126,993	\$ 152,606
Energy Systems & Controls	157,537	153,376	120,921	126,262
Medical & Scientific Imaging	216,121	168,336	247,959	124,681
RF Technology	240,118	203,672	501,065	447,085
Total	<u>\$ 793,583</u>	<u>\$ 729,386</u>	<u>\$ 996,938</u>	<u>\$ 850,634</u>

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

Selected cash flows for the three months ended March 31, 2013 and 2012 were as follows (in millions):

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2013	2012
Cash provided by/(used in):		
Operating activities	\$ 171.3	\$ 141.5

Investing activities	(13.2)	(28.8)
Financing activities	(88.8)	(2.3)

Operating activities - Net cash provided by operating activities increased by 21.1% to \$171.3 million in the first quarter of 2013 as compared to \$141.5 million in the first quarter of 2012 due to higher net earnings and increased amortization of other intangibles related to acquisitions and stock-based compensation.

Investing activities - Cash used in investing activities during the first quarter of 2013 was primarily for capital expenditures, and was primarily for business acquisitions and capital expenditures in the first quarter of 2012.

Financing activities - Cash used in financing activities in the current year quarter, and was primarily for debt principal repayments and primarily for dividends and debt principal repayments in the prior year quarter. Cash provided by financing activities in the first quarters of 2013 and 2012 was primarily from stock option proceeds. Net debt payments were \$100.1 million in the three months ended March 31, 2013 as compared to \$6.3 million in the three months ended March 31, 2012.

Total debt at March 31, 2013 consisted of the following (amounts in thousands):

\$500 million senior notes due 2013*	\$	502,586
\$400 million senior notes due 2017		400,000
\$500 million senior notes due 2019		500,000
\$500 million senior notes due 2022		500,000
Senior Subordinated Convertible Notes		11,647
Revolving Facility		-
Other		5,540
Total debt		<u>1,919,773</u>
Less current portion		516,514
Long-term debt	\$	<u><u>1,403,259</u></u>

*Shown including fair value swap adjustment of \$2,586.

The interest rate on borrowings under our \$1.5 billion credit facility is calculated based upon various recognized indices plus a margin as defined in the credit agreement. At March 31, 2013, there were no outstanding borrowings under the facility. At March 31, 2013, we had \$5.5 million of other debt in the form of capital leases, several smaller facilities that allow for borrowings or the issuance of letters of credit in various foreign locations to support our non-U.S. businesses and \$41 million of outstanding letters of credit.

The cash and short-term investments at our foreign subsidiaries at March 31, 2013 totaled \$312 million. Repatriation of these funds under current regulatory and tax law for use in domestic operations would expose us to additional taxes. We consider this cash to be permanently reinvested. We expect existing cash and cash equivalents, cash generated by our U.S. operations, our unsecured credit facility, as well as our expected ability to access the capital markets, will be sufficient to fund operating requirements in the U.S. for the foreseeable future.

We were in compliance with all debt covenants related to our credit facilities throughout the quarter ended March 31, 2013.

Net working capital (total current assets, excluding cash, less total current liabilities, excluding debt) was \$288.8 million at March 31, 2013 compared to \$307.8 million at December 31, 2012, reflecting decreases in working capital due primarily to improved receivables collection. Total debt was \$1.92 billion at March 31, 2013 as compared to \$2.02 billion at December 31, 2012, due to the use of operating cash flows to reduce outstanding debt. Our leverage is shown in the following table:

	March 31, 2013	December 31, 2012
Total Debt	\$ 1,919,773	\$ 2,022,122
Cash	(430,022)	(370,590)
Net Debt	<u>1,489,751</u>	<u>1,651,532</u>
Stockholders' Equity	<u>3,782,176</u>	<u>3,687,726</u>
Total Net Capital	<u><u>\$ 5,271,927</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 5,339,258</u></u>
Net Debt / Total Net Capital	28.3%	30.9%

At March 31, 2013, we did not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes.

Capital expenditures of \$11.2 million and \$10.0 million were incurred during the first quarters of 2013 and 2012, respectively. We expect capital expenditures for the balance of the year to be comparable to prior years as a percentage of sales.

Outlook

Current geopolitical uncertainties could adversely affect our business prospects. A significant terrorist attack or other global conflict could cause changes in world economies that would adversely affect us. It is impossible to isolate each of these factor's effects on current economic conditions. It is also impossible to predict with any reasonable degree of certainty what or when any additional events may occur that also will similarly disrupt the economy.

We maintain an active acquisition program; however, future acquisitions will be dependent on numerous factors and it is not feasible to reasonably estimate if or when any such acquisitions will occur and what the impact will be on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Such acquisitions may be financed by the use of existing credit lines, future cash flows from operations, the proceeds from the issuance of new debt or equity securities or some combination of these methods.

We anticipate that our recently acquired companies as well as our other companies will generate positive cash flows from operating activities, and that these cash flows will permit the reduction of currently outstanding debt. However, the rate at which we can reduce our debt during 2013 (and reduce the associated interest expense) will be affected by, among other things, the financing and operating requirements of any new acquisitions and the financial performance of our existing companies; and none of these factors can be predicted with certainty.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

See "Item 7A - Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk," in our 2012 Annual Report on Form 10-K. There were no material changes during the quarter ended March 31, 2013.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As required by SEC rules, we have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report ("Evaluation Date"). This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer. Based on this evaluation as of the Evaluation Date, these officers have concluded that the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures are effective.

Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act are accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There were no changes to our internal controls during the period covered by this quarterly report that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

Part II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Information pertaining to legal proceedings can be found in Note 9 of the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this report, and is incorporated by reference herein.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

For information regarding factors that could affect our results of operations, financial condition and liquidity, see the risk factors discussion in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2012 as filed on February 25, 2013 with the SEC. See also, "Information about Forward-Looking Statements" included in Part I, Item 2 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 6.**Exhibits**

31.1 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), Certification of the Chief Executive Officer, filed herewith.

31.2 Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), Certification of the Chief Financial Officer, filed herewith.

32.1 Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officers, filed herewith.

101.INS XBRL Instance Document, furnished herewith.

101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document, furnished herewith.

101.CAL XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document, furnished herewith.

101.DEF XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document, furnished herewith.

101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document, furnished herewith.

101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document, furnished herewith.

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Roper Industries, Inc.

/s/ Brian D. Jellison
Brian D. Jellison

Chairman of the Board, President,
and Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

May 9, 2013

/s/ John Humphrey
John Humphrey

Chief Financial Officer and
Executive Vice President
(Principal Financial Officer)

May 9, 2013

/s/ Paul J. Soni
Paul J. Soni

Vice President and Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

May 9, 2013

EXHIBIT INDEX
TO REPORT ON FORM 10-Q

<u>Number</u>	<u>Exhibit</u>
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), Certification of the Chief Executive Officer, filed herewith.
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), Certification of the Chief Financial Officer, filed herewith.
32.1	Section 1350 Certification of the Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officers, filed herewith.
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document, furnished herewith.
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document, furnished herewith.
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document, furnished herewith.
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document, furnished herewith.
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document, furnished herewith.
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document, furnished herewith.

I, Brian D. Jellison, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Roper Industries, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 9, 2013

/s/ Brian D. Jellison
Brian D. Jellison
Chairman, President and
Chief Executive Officer

I, John Humphrey, certify that:

- 1 I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Roper Industries, Inc.;
- 2 Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3 Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4 The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5 The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 9, 2013

/s/ John Humphrey
John Humphrey
Executive Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Roper Industries, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending March 31, 2013, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), Brian D. Jellison, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and John Humphrey, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of his knowledge that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 9, 2013

/s/ Brian D. Jellison

Brian D. Jellison

Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer

(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ John Humphrey

John Humphrey

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer

(Principal Financial Officer)

This certificate is being made for the exclusive purpose of compliance of the Company with the requirements of Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and may not be disclosed, distributed or used by any person or for any reason other than specifically required by law.